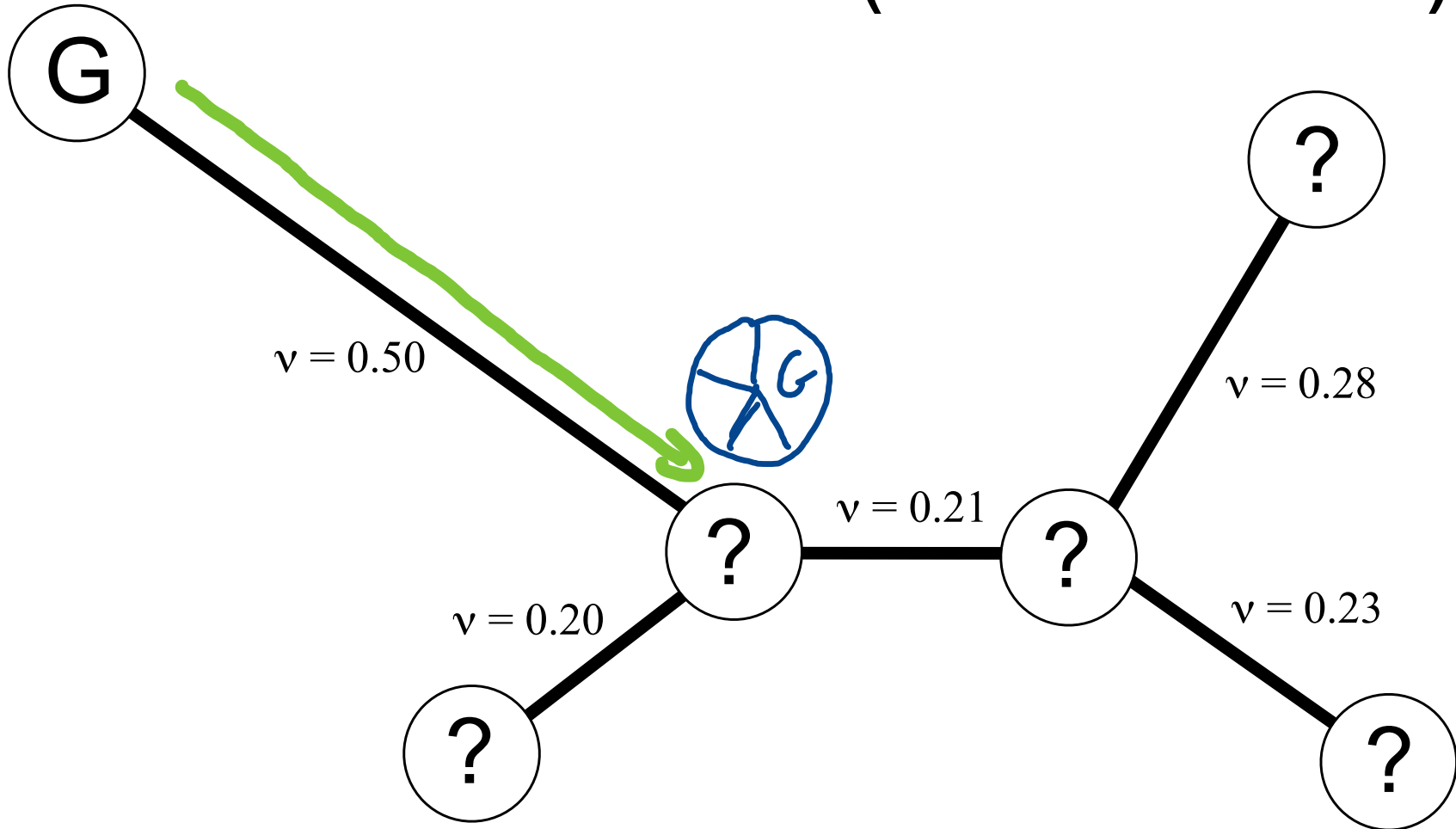
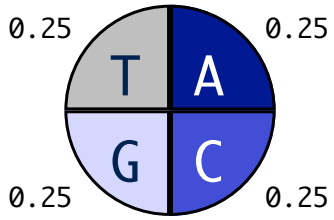
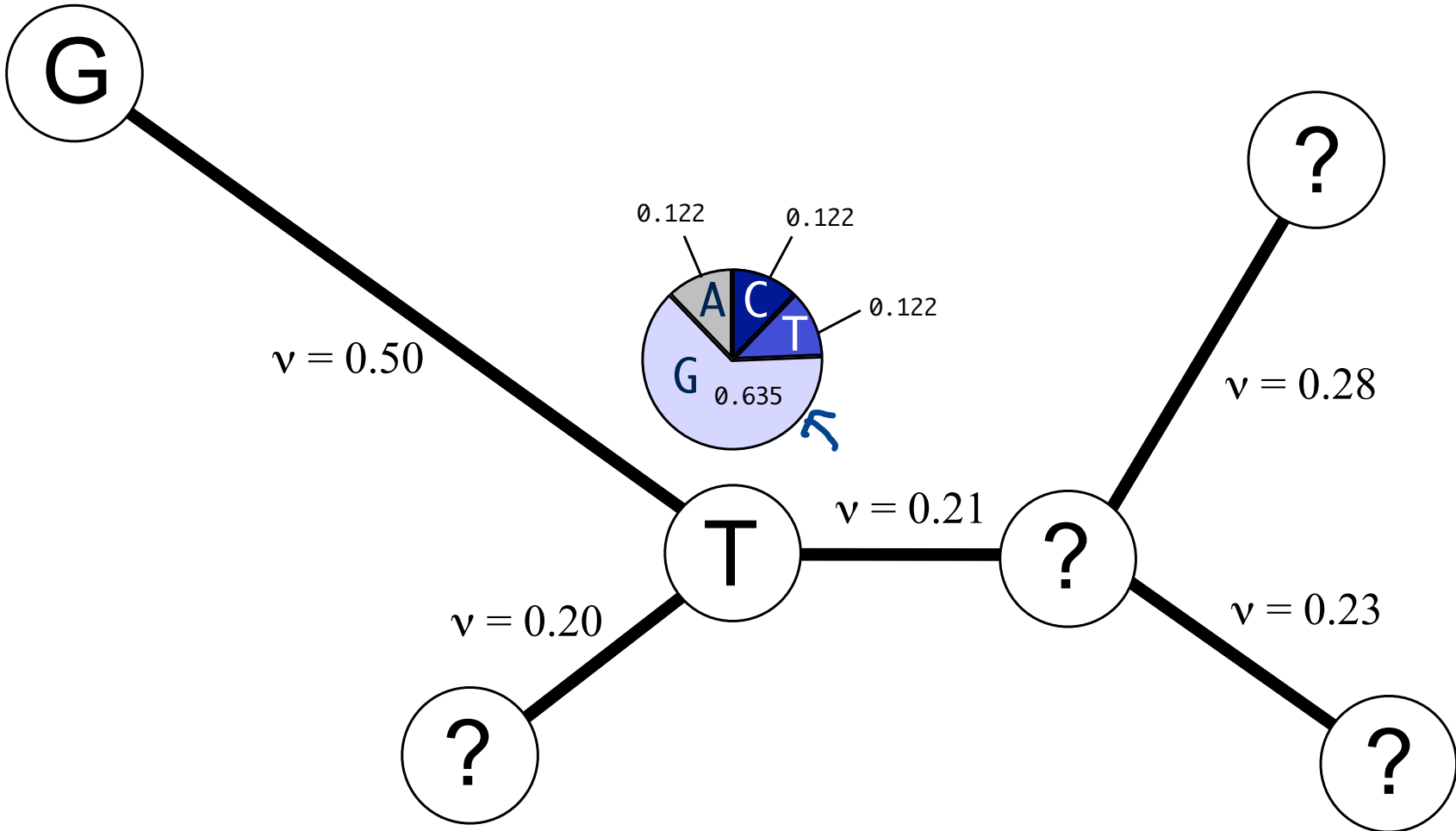


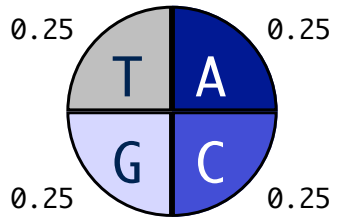
How to simulate data for one site (JC69 model)





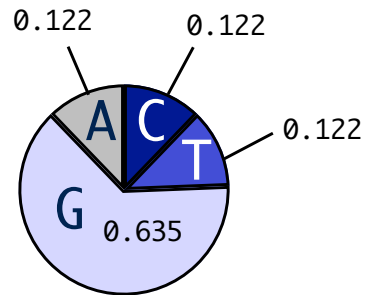
$$.635 = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} e^{-4v/3}$$





G

$v = 0.50$



$v = 0.28$

?

$v = 0.21$

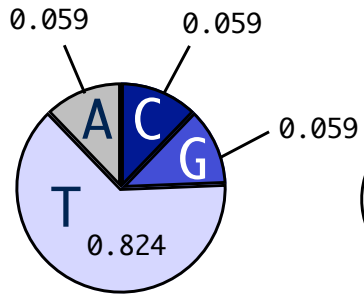
?

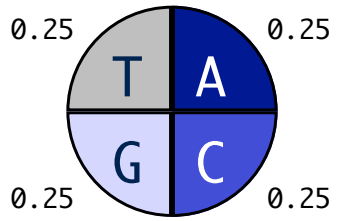
$v = 0.20$

T

$v = 0.23$

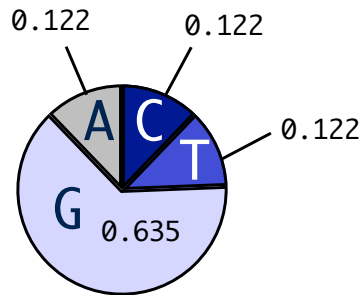
?





G

$v = 0.50$



$v = 0.28$

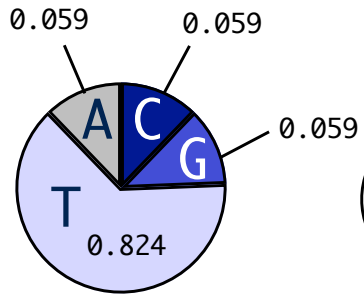
?

$v = 0.21$

T

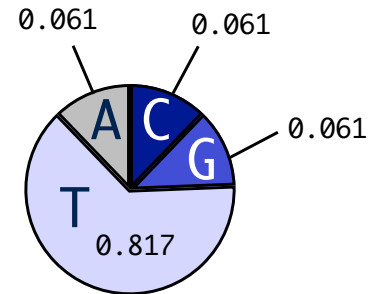
T

$v = 0.23$

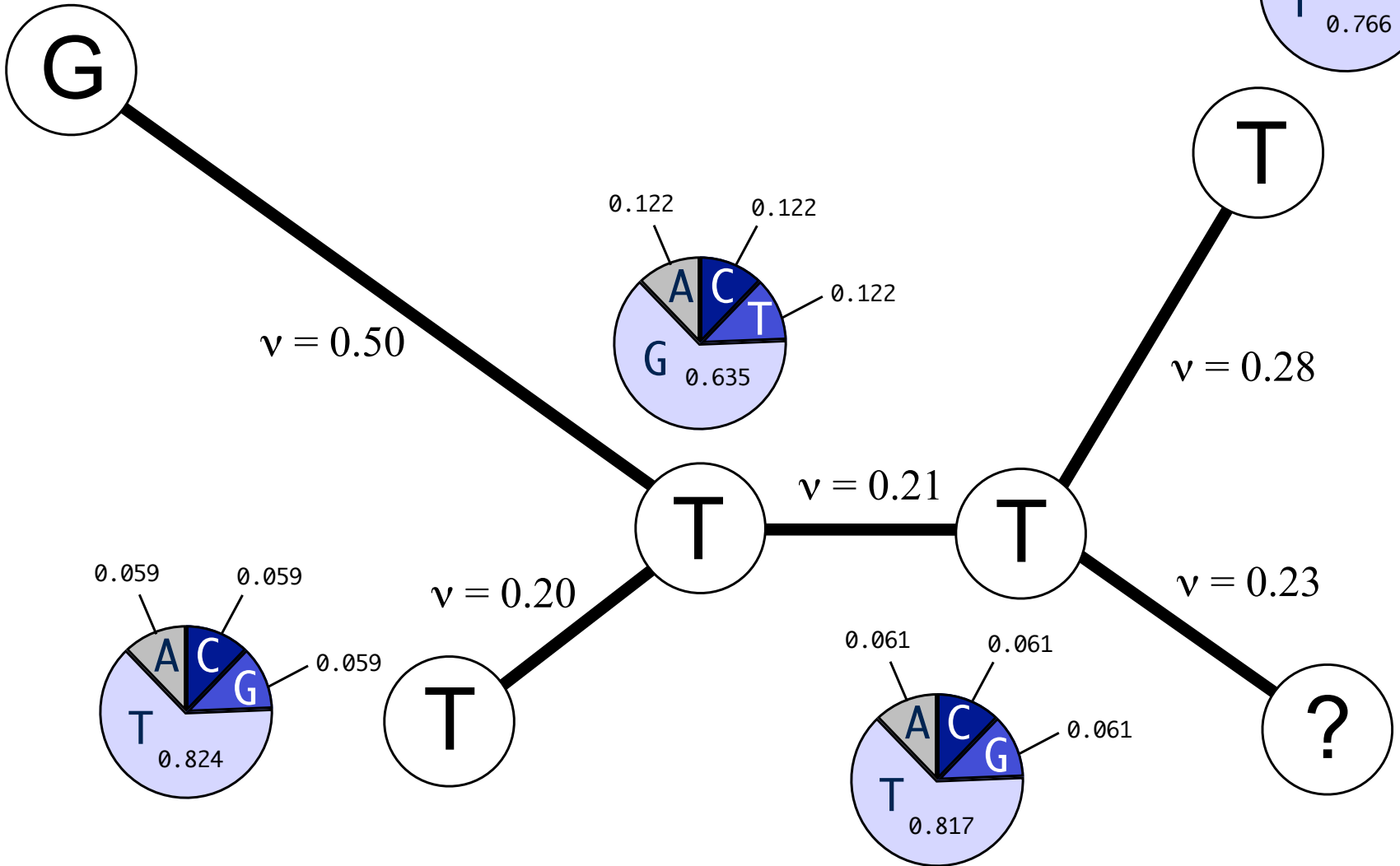
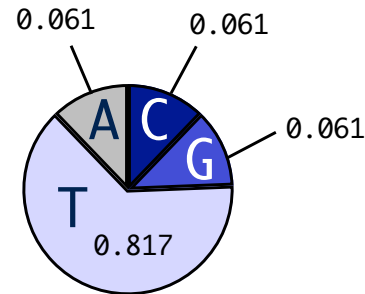
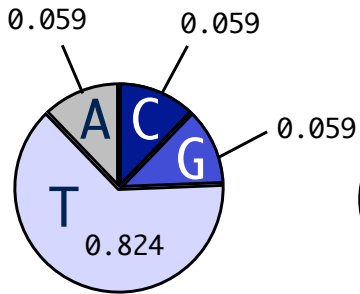
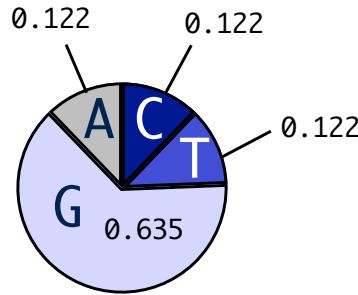
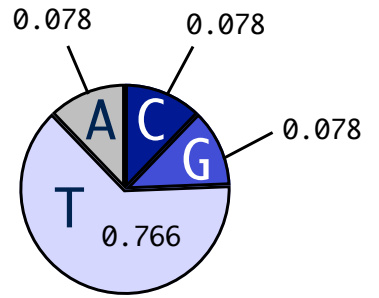
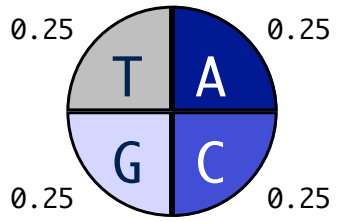


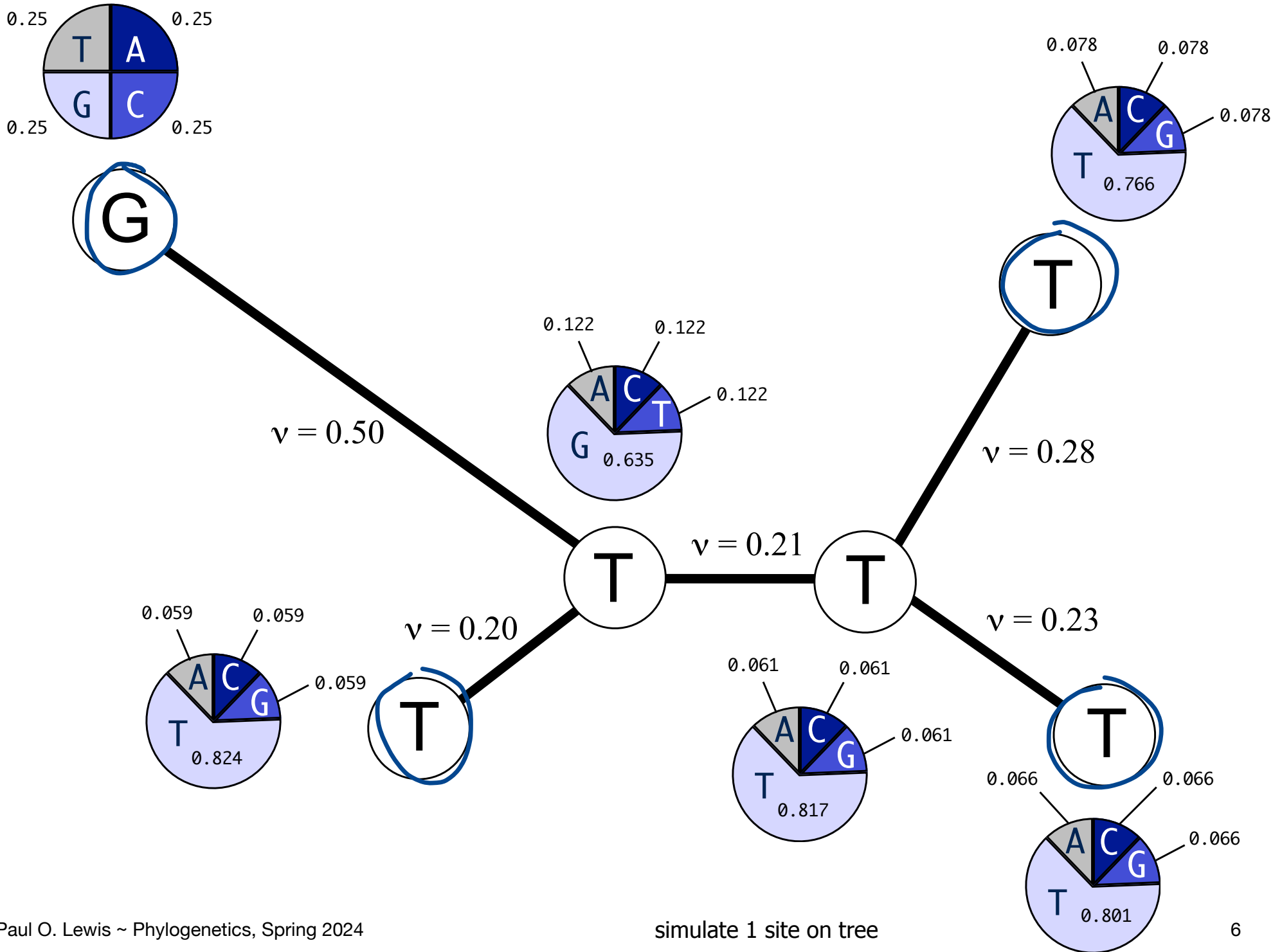
$v = 0.20$

T



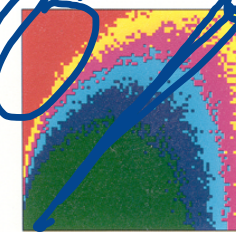
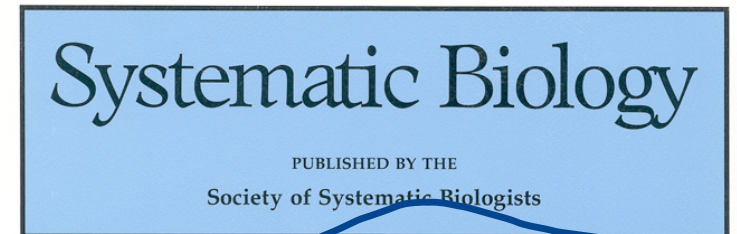
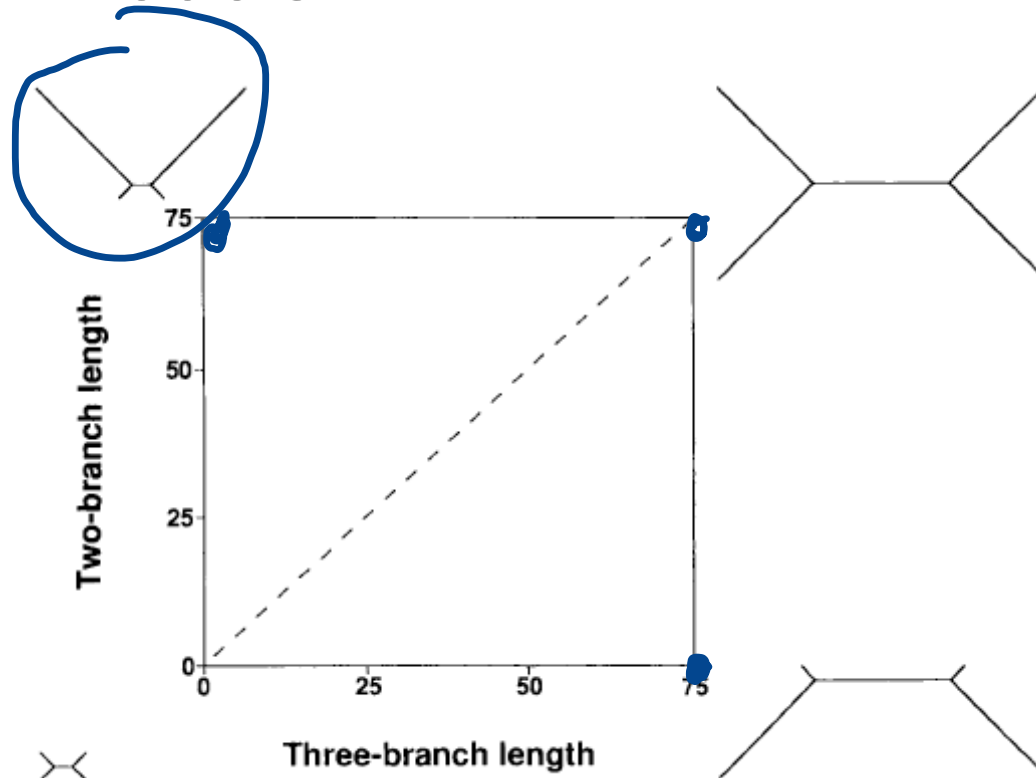
?



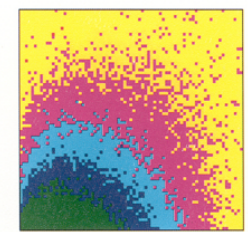


Uses of simulation in phylogenetics

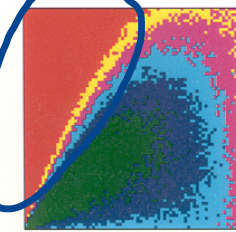
- Investigate effects of violating the assumptions of models



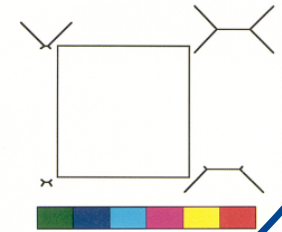
Parsimony



Lake's Invariants



MP/GMA (Similarity)



Good Success Bad

VOLUME 42

SEPTEMBER 1993

NUMBER 3

Uses of simulation in phylogenetics

- Test hypotheses



megabat



microbat

one or two origins of bats?

<https://imgur.com/gallery/eH0aCzk>

<https://www.milkwood.net/2015/09/21/how-to-build-a-microbat-box/>

Bat monophyly test: background

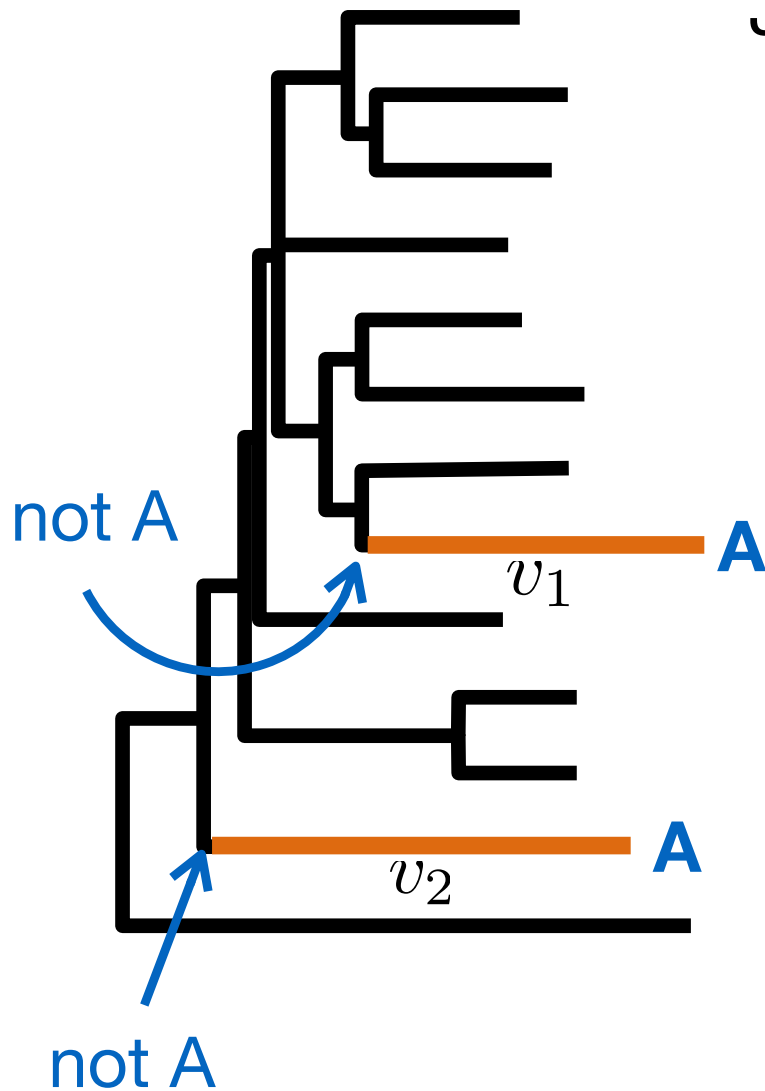
- Most phylogenetic studies concluded bats monophyletic (microbats and megabats together)
- Pettigrew argued megabats related instead to primates (megabats were “flying primates”)
- Pettigrew: apparent monophyly is an artifact: high AT composition of all bats leads to “base compositional attraction”
- Test by simulating data under null (flying primate) hypothesis (assuming strong AT bias in bat lineages) and see how often bat monophyly occurs in phylogenetic analyses

Pettigrew (1991)

Base-compositional attraction

JC69 model applies to entire tree

Probability both lineages
converge on *A* under JC69 model



$$\frac{1}{4} (1 - e^{-4\beta t})$$

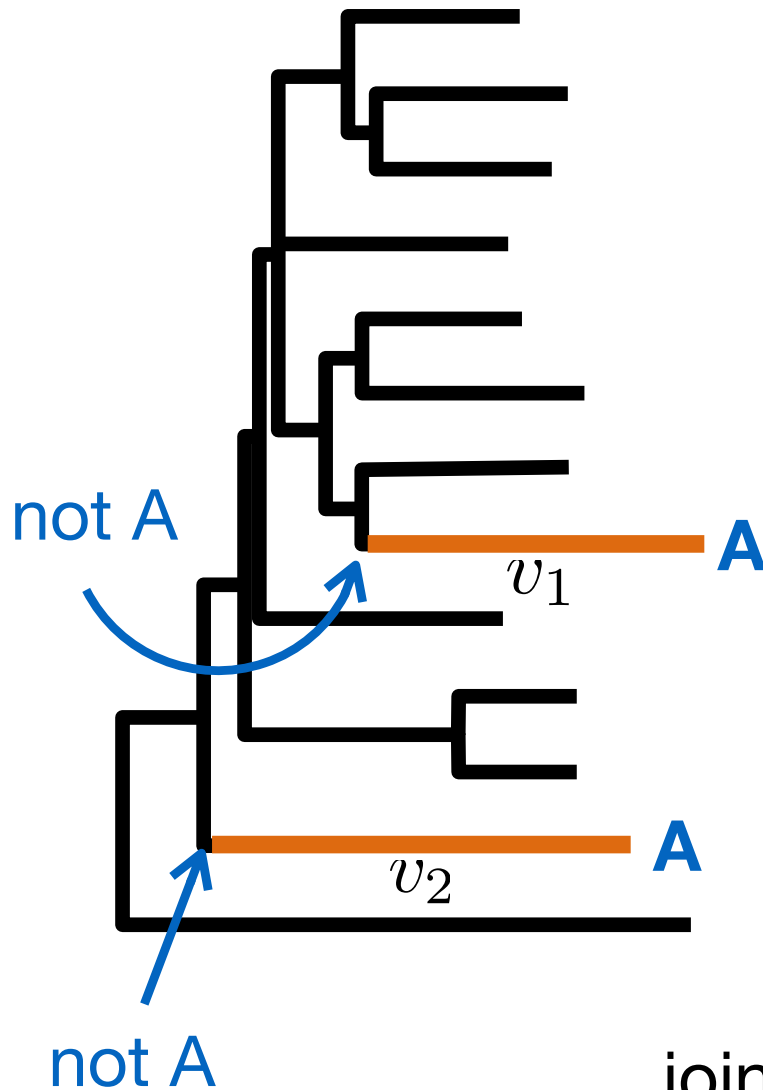
$$v = 3\beta t$$

joint prob. approx. 0.001 if $v_1 = v_2 = 0.1$

Base-compositional attraction

JC69 model applies to black lineages only

Probability both lineages converge on A under F81 model with **high A+T bias** and **non-stationarity**

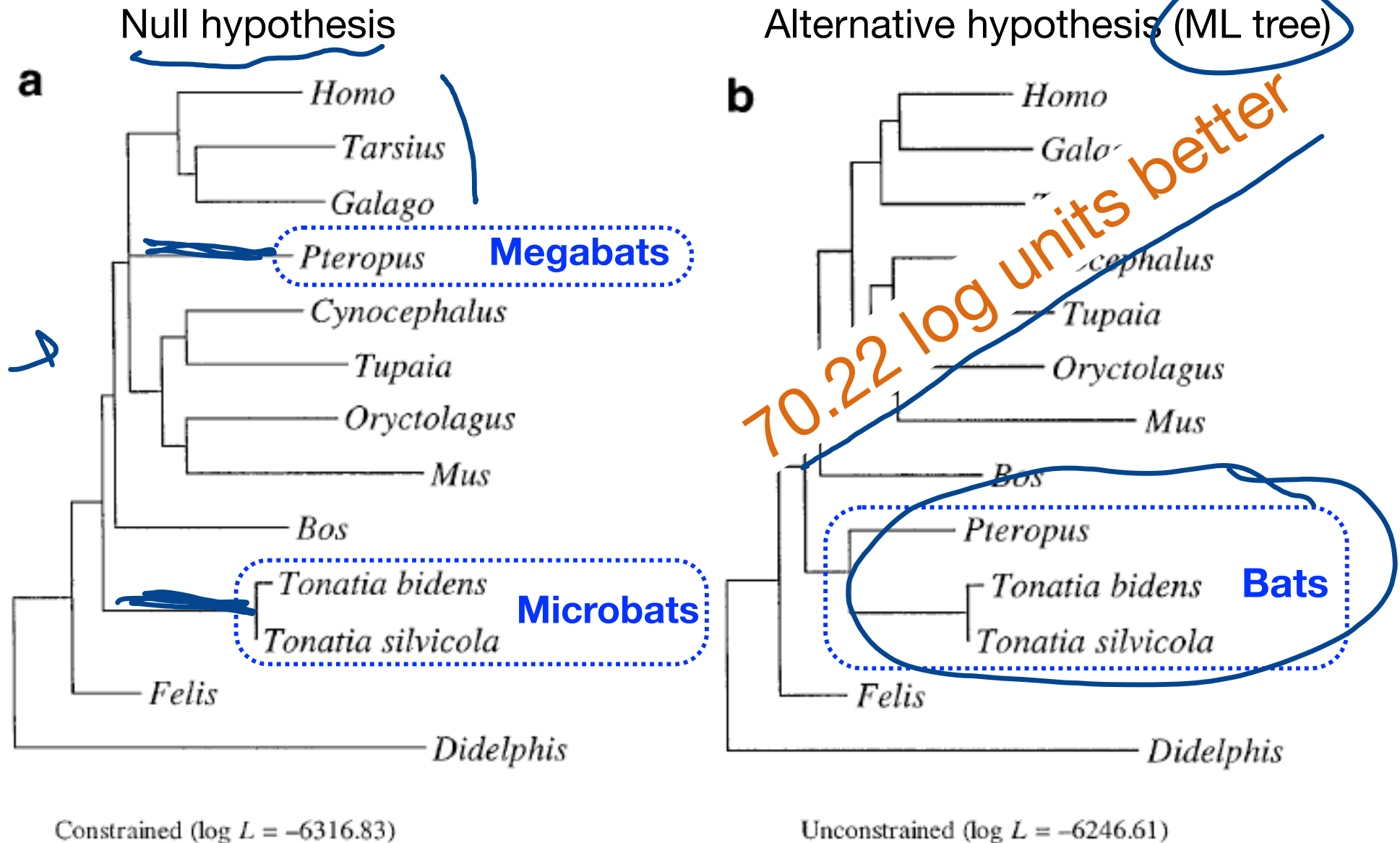


$$\pi_A (1 - e^{-\mu t})$$

$$v = \mu t (1 - \pi_A^2 - \pi_C^2 - \pi_G^2 - \pi_T^2)$$

joint prob. approx. 0.003 if $v_1 = v_2 = 0.1$
and $\pi_A = \pi_T = 0.4$, $\pi_C = \pi_G = 0.1$

Bat monophyly example



Bat monophyly example

